

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF CERTIFICATE IN

CHEM 00102: BASIC CHEMISTRY

STREAMS: CERT.

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: MONDAY 29/03/2021

2.30 P.M. – 4.30 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer all questions in section A and any other two in section B.

SECTION A

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms.
- | | |
|-------------------|----------|
| (i) Atomic number | (1 mark) |
| (ii) Isotopes | (1 mark) |
| (iii) Mass number | (1 mark) |
| (iv) Hydrocarbons | (1 mark) |
- b) Draw the Lewis structures of the following
- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| (i) CH_4 | (3 marks) |
| (ii) BF_3 | (3 marks) |
| (iii) NH_4 | (3marks) |
- c) State the solvent properties of water (3 marks)
- d) State the applications of radioisotopes and controlled radiation in agriculture.(4 marks)
- e) Discuss factors that affect rate of reaction (8 marks)
- f) Distinguish between lyophobic and lyophilic colloids (2 marks)

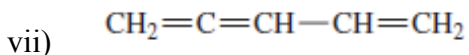
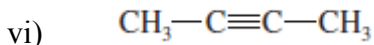
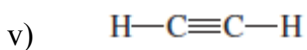
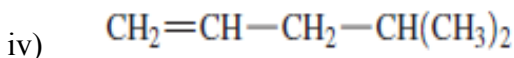
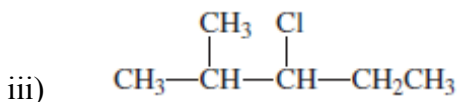
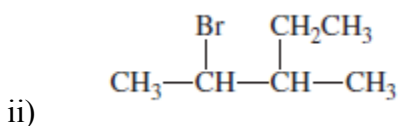
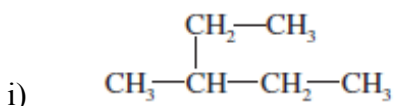
SECTION B

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Discuss the trends in the periodic table (6 marks)

- (i) Atomic radius
- (ii) Electron affinity
- (iii) Electronegativity

b) Name the following compounds (7 marks)



c) State three applications of emulsions (3 marks)

d) Boron (B; $Z = 5$) has two naturally occurring isotopes. Find the percent abundances of ^{10}B and ^{11}B given these data: relative atomic mass of **B** = 10.81 amu, isotopic mass of ^{10}B = 10.0129 amu and isotopic mass of ^{11}B = 11.0093 amu. (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Calculate the number of protons and neutrons in the following elements
- (i) ${}_{17}^{35}\text{Cl}$ (1 mark)
 - (ii) ${}_{6}^{14}\text{C}$ (1 mark)
- b) Discuss the following types of bonding (6 marks)
- (i) Ionic bonding
 - (ii) Covalent bonding
 - (iii) Metallic bonding
- c) Calculate the pH of $10^{-12} \text{ M H}_3\text{O}^+$ solution. (2 marks)
- d) Distinguish between constitutional and stereoisomers and draw two constitutional isomers of butane and name them. (6 marks)
- e) A research chemist adds a measured amount of HCl gas to pure water at 25°C and obtains a solution with $[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] = 3.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$. Calculate $[\text{OH}^-]$ and state whether it's a neutral, acidic or basic solution. (4 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Bromine (RAM=79.90 amu) consists of two isotopes Br-79(78.92amu) and Br-81(80.92amu). Determine the abundance of each isotope. (5 marks)
- b) Differentiate between homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts (4 marks)
- c) Discuss the contributions of isotopes and radiation techniques towards strengthening national capabilities in terms of expertise and training. (9 marks)
- (i) Plant nutrition
 - (ii) Insect control
 - (iii) Food preservation
- (d) An atom is electrically neutral, justify. (2 marks)
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