CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

SUPPLEMENTARY / SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS

SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF

MATH 205: ELEMENTS OF SET THEORY

STREAMS:

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: WEDNESDAY 18/11/2020 5.00 P.M - 7.00 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer all questions

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) For each of the following cases, determine whether it represents a function. If it is a function, state whether it is injective
 - i. To each of the 24 student in math 205, assign the gender
 - ii. To each student in Chuka university, assign a registration number
 - iii. To each student in first year, assign the semester course units
 - iv. To each book written by a single author, assign the author
 - v. To each positive number, assign its square root (5 marks)
- b) Given the sets $A_n = \{n, n+2\}$, where n is a positive integer evaluate

i.
$$\bigcup_{n=3}^{10} A_n \text{ and } \bigcap_{n=1}^{10} A_n$$

ii.
$$\bigcup_n A_n$$
 and $\bigcap_n A_n$ (4 marks)

- c) Find the domain of the function $f: R \to R$ defined by $f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x^2 4}}$ (5 marks)
- d) Consider the set $A = \left\{11 + (-1)^n \frac{1}{n}\right\}$ where n is a positive integer
 - i. Find the supremum and the infimum of A (2 marks)
 - ii. Find all the limit points of A (1 marks)
- e) With an appropriate example, show that a bounded sequence is not necessarily convergent (3 marks)

MATH 205

f) Let A and B be sets. Show that the product order on $A \times B$ defined by $(a,b) \prec (c,d)$ if $a \le c$ and $b \le d$ is a partial order on $A \times B$ (4 marks) g) Prove that the set of integers is countable (4marks) h) State the Axiom of choice (2 marks) **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)** a) Distinguish the following i. A restriction and an inclusion map (3 marks) ii. A countable and uncountable set (3 marks) iii. A linearly ordered set and a poset (3 marks) b) Prove the generalized Consider the function $f: R \to R$ defined by $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x} : x \neq 0$ and f(0) = 0. Determine The quotient sets $\frac{R}{f}$ (3 marks) The image f(R)ii. (3 marks) c) Prove that if the limit of a sequence exists, then it is unique (5marks) **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)** a) Let $A_m = \{m, 2m, 3m, \dots : m \in N\}$, determine and explain the following sets i. $A_3 \cap A_7$ (3 marks) ii. $A_3 \cup A_7$ (3 marks) iii. $\bigcup_m A_m$ (2 marks) iv. $\bigcap_m A_m$ (2 marks) b) Prove that the intervals [0,1] and (0,1] are equivalent. (5 marks) c) Prove that a countable union of finite sets is countable (5 marks)

.....