

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

MATH 344 : THEORY OF ESTIMATION

STREAMS: BSC

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: MONDAY 01/11/2021

11.30 A.M. – 1.30 P.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer all questions.
- All workings must be shown clearly.

QUESTION 1[30 MARKS]

a) Define the following terms as used in theory of Estimation

- Mean square error consistency
- An estimator
- Unbiasedness
- Efficient statistic

[8 marks]

b) Which one of the following is not an unbiased estimator of θ ,given that $E(x_i) = \theta$

$$T_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4$$

$$T_2 = 2x_1 + 3x_2$$

$$T_3 = 4x_2 - 3x_3$$

[3 marks]

c) Differentiate between Point and Interval estimation

[4 marks]

d) Let $x_i, i = 1, 2, 3, 4$, be four independent sample observations of Poisson distribution with parameter θ . Show that $T = \frac{1}{15}(2x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_4)$ is a biased estimator of θ .

Calculate the amount of bias.

[5 marks]

e) Let T_1 be the most efficient estimator and T_2 be the unbiased estimator for unknown parameter θ . If ρ is the efficiency with respect to T_1 , show that

$$\text{Var}(T_1 - T_2) = \frac{1-\rho}{\rho} \text{var}(T_1) \quad [5 \text{ marks}]$$

- f) Find sufficient statistic for δ^2 where $x \sim N(\mu, \delta^2)$ [5 marks]

QUESTION 2 [20 MARKS]

- a) Consider two random samples x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n_1} of size n_1 and y_1, y_2, \dots, y_{n_2} of size n_2 both from normal populations such that $x \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$ and $y \sim N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$ respectively. Obtain the $(1 - \alpha)100\%$ confidence interval for $(\mu_1 - \mu_2)$. [7 marks]

- b) The distribution of x is given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} \theta^x(1 - \theta)^{1-x} & , x = 0,1 \\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$

Show that $T = \sum x_i$ is a sufficient statistic for θ . [8 Marks]

QUESTION 3 [20 MARKS]

- a) Define a uniformly minimum variance unbiased estimator (UMVUE) T of $\tau(\theta)$. [5 Marks]

- b) If T is a consistent estimator of θ , $\phi(T)$ is also a consistent estimator of $\phi(\theta)$ where ϕ is a continuous function, Proof. [15 Marks]
