CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION RESIT/SUPPLEMENTARY / SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF BACHELOR OF ARTS IN PSYCHOLOGY

PSYC 464: PALLIATIVE CARE

STREAMS: TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: THURSDAY 04/11/2021

8.30 A.M - 10.30 A.M.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Do not write anything on the question paper.
- 2. Mobile phones and any other reference materials are NOT allowed in the examination room
- 3. The paper has two sections. Answer ALL the questions.
- 4. All your answers for Section I (MCQs) should be on one page.
- 5. Number ALL your answers and indicate the order of appearance in the space provided in the cover page of the examination answer booklet.
- 6. Write your answers legibly and use your time wisely.

SECTION A: Multiple choice questions (16 marks)

- 1. Recognizing and acknowledging death is important so that:
 - A All interventions are continued until the patient dies
 - B Plans for resuscitation can be confirmed
 - C Psychotherapy is done in an ethical manner
 - DPatient comfort is maximized
- 2. Mr. Martin has locally advanced transitional cell cancer of the bladder with chronic pelvic and abdominal pain. Which of the following is MOST IMPORTANT in determining the maximum dose of oral morphine during dose titration?
 - A. Pain relief
 - B. Respiratory depression
 - C. Risk of overstepping regulatory limits

- D. Strength of pill
- 3. All of the following are key elements of palliative care **EXCEPT**:
 - A. Pain and symptom management
 - B. Psychological and spiritual support
 - C. Getting the patient to be DNR
 - D. Coordination of care
- 4. You are completing a family meeting for a patient with for moderately advanced Alzheimer's type dementia in which you have been describing the nature and likely course of the disease. The patient is unable to participate. In concluding the meeting, it is MOST IMPORTANT to:
 - A. Summarize the plan for care
 - B. Reassure the family that all will be OK
 - C. Tell them to be strong
 - D. Summarize their decisions about code status
- 5. The termination of a patient's life by the action of a physician whereby the agreement of the patient could be obtained but was not can be referred to as
 - A. Non-voluntary euthanasia
 - B. Involuntary euthanasia
 - C. Doctrine of double effect
 - D. Informed consent
- 6. Indicate whether the following statements on Home Based Care are **True** or **False**
 - i. Home based care empowers the clients and their families with the knowledge needed to ensure long-term care and support
 - ii. Home based care can lead to stigma especially for families with patients living with HIV/AIDS
- 7. The pain caused by damage to the peripheral or central nervous system is referred to as
 - A. Neuropathic pain
 - B. Nociceptive pain
 - C. Persistent pain
 - D. Radiating pain

8.	The	nurse	decides	to	withhold	some	information	from	a	patient	on	the	basis	that
	disc	losure	would ca	use	emotional	harm	to the patient.	The r	ıur	se's acti	on i	s in a	accord	ance
	with	the eth	nical prin	cip	le of:									

- A. Beneficence
- B. Confidentiality
- C. Veracity
- D. Justice
- 9. Perpetuating the myth of "Everything is going to be alright" with a dying child will:
 - A. Help reassure the child
 - B. Enhance an awareness of eventual death
 - C. Alleviate fear
 - D. Prevent exploration of fear
- 10. The following conditions require palliative care **Except**
 - A. Cardiac disease
 - B. Diabetes Mellitus
 - C. Alzheimer's Disease
 - D. HIV/AIDS

SECTION B: Short answer questions (60 marks)

1.	Define the term Palliative care	(2 marks)					
2.	Explain three (3) categories of support given to palliative care patients	(6 marks)					
3.	Explain the five (5) stages of dying	(10 marks)					
4.	State eight (8) rights of palliative care patients	(8 marks)					
5.	What are the advantages of Home-based care to?						
	a). The patient	(3 marks)					
	b). The health care system	(3 marks)					
6.	Describe four (4) roles of the family in provision of home-based care services(8marks)						
7.	State six (6) principles of palliative care	(6 marks)					
8.	Outline seven (7) importance of Effective Communication in Palliative care. (7 marks)						
9.	State seven (7) qualities of a good counsellor	(7 marks)					