**CHUKA** 



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#### RESIT/SPECIAL EXAMINATION

# EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BIOCHEMISTRY

**BIOC 207/201: PHYSICAL BIOCHEMISTRY** 

STREAMS: BSC BIOC TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY/DATE: TUESDAY 10/08/2021 2.30 P.M – 4.30 P.M.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

• Answer Question One and any other Two Questions

• Do not write on the question paper

#### **Question One (30 marks)**

#### **Constants**

 $\Delta G^{0'}$  for fructose-1-phosphate hydrolysis = -16KJMol<sup>-1</sup>, R=8.315X10<sup>-3</sup>KJMol<sup>-1</sup>K, T=25°C

### **Question One (30 marks)**

- a. Explain the relevance of the first and second laws of thermodynamics to biological systems.
  (5 marks)
- b.  $\Delta G$  is a valuable criterion in determining whether a reaction can occur spontaneously or not, explain the various fates associated with it. (6 marks)
- c. In rat erythrocytes the concentration of ATP, ADP and Pi are 3.25, 1.25 and 2.65 mM respectively, calculate the actual free energy of hydrolysis ( $\Delta$ Gp) of ATP in the erythrocyte cell at standard pH and temperature (4 marks)
- d. Explain why  $\Delta G$  for favorable processes is always a negative value. (5 marks)

e. ATP is usually hydrolysed in cells according to the equation ATP  $\longrightarrow$  ADP + P<sub>i</sub>. Given that [ATP] =  $2x10^{-7}M$ , [ADP] =  $2.65x10^{-1}M$  and [P<sub>i</sub>] =  $2x10^{-1}M$ , calculate:

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i. The equilibrium constant. (5 marks)

ii.  $\Delta G^0$  for ATP hydrolysis. (5 marks)

# Question Two (20 marks)

- a) Describe the bioilluminiscence cycle as observed in the fire fly. (10 marks)
- b) The processes that feed phosphate into ATP/ADP cycle fall mainly within four groups. Explain these processes. (10 marks)

# Question Two (20 marks)

- a) Phosphorylated compounds have large free energies of hydrolysis due to product stabilization. Describe the hydrolysis of phosphoenol pyruvate and 1,3 bisphosphoglycerate indicating how the products are stabilized relative to reactants. (10 marks)
- b) Describe the nucleophilic displacement reactions of ATP. (10 marks)

# **Question Three (20 marks)**

a) Explain the role of myokinase in the production of AMP during muscle contraction.

(10 marks)

b) An enzymatic hydrolysis of Fructose-1-Phosphate,

Fructose-1-PO<sub>4</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O  $\longleftrightarrow$  Fructose + Pi,

was allowed to proceed to equilibrium at  $25^{\circ}$ C. The original concentration of Fructose-1-Phosphate was 1.2M, but when the system had reached equilibrium the concentration of Fructose-1-Phosphate was only  $7.52 \times 10^{-5}$ M. Calculate the equilibrium constant for this reaction and the free energy of hydrolysis of Fructose-1-Phosphate. (10 marks)

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