MATH 101

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

TIME:2 HOURS

8.30 A.M - 10.30 A.M

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

RESIT /SPECIAL EXAMINATION

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

MATH 101:

STREAMS:

DAY/DATE: FRIDAY 05/11/2021

INSTRUCTIONS:

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

QUESTIONS ONE: 30 MARKS

(a) Solve the following equation $\frac{1}{3}(3m-6) + \frac{1}{4}(5m+4) + \frac{1}{5}(2m-9) = -3$ (2 marks) (b) Find the value of $\frac{3^2 \times 5^5 + 3^3 \times 5^3}{3^4 \times 5^4}$ (3 marks) (c) Simplify $\frac{(3^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \times ((8)^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{(3)^2 \times (4^3)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 9^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ expressing the answer in index form with positive indices (2 marks) (d) The expression $x^3 + kx^2 - 2x - 4$, is divisible by (x +1) (i) Find the value of k (1 mark) (ii) Use the long division method to confirm this result. Hence, solve the equation $x^3 + kx^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$ (with the value of k in (i) above). (3 marks) (e) Simplify $\frac{(x^2y^{\frac{1}{2}})(\sqrt{x}(\sqrt[3]{y^2}))}{(x^5y^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ leaving the answer with positive indices only. (3 marks)

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(f) Given that
$$\frac{3}{2-\sqrt{18}} + \frac{5}{2+\sqrt{18}} = a + b\sqrt{c}$$
. Find the values of a, b and c. (3 marks)

(g) Solve
$$2x^2 + 9x + 8 = 0$$
 to three significant figures, by completing square method. (2 marks)
 $2x^2 + x - 3$

(h) Simplify completely
$$\frac{18 - 8x^2}{18 - 8x^2}$$
 (2 marks)

(i) Use the properties of logarithms to solve $\log_2(x^2 - 6x) = 3 + \log_2(1 - x)$ for x: (2 mks)

(2 marks)

- (j) Solve $-x^2 = 8x + 1$ using a quadratic formula
- (k) Find the centre and radius of a circle whose equation is $3x^2 + 3y^2 = 12x + 18y + 9$. (3marks)
- (l) Determine the 19th term of an AP given that the 6th term is 17 and the 13th term is 38. (2 marks)

QUESTIONS TWO: 20 MARKS

(a) Divide using long division. State the quotient, q(x), and use remainder theorem to find, r(x). (6x³ + 17x² + 27x + 20) ÷ (3x + 4) (5 marks)
(b) (i) Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the curve y = ⁴/_x at x = 1. (5 marks)

- (ii) Find and classify the turning points of the curve represented by $y = x^3 + 3x^2 9x 4$
- (iii) Hence sketch the curve $y = x^3 + 3x^2 9x 4$ (6 marks) (4 marks)

QUESTIONS THREE: 20 MARKS

(m) Work out
(i)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{35} (-45 + 5i)$$
 (6 marks)

(ii)
$$\sum_{n=0}^{20} 4(0.6)^n$$

(n) Evaluate $\frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{7}-\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{2}}$ by rationalizing the denominator (3 marks)

(o) Work out
$$\int \left(\frac{2x^3 - 3x}{4x}\right) dx$$
 (3 marks)

- (p) Given the polynomial, $P(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 7x 6$. Find (3 marks)
 - (i) P(-2)
 - (ii) P(1)
 - (iii) P(-3)
- (q) The data below represent masses to the nearest kilogram of fish caught in a day.

Masses	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29
No. of fish	5	20	10	10	5

Determine:

(i) Mean

(2 marks) (3 marks)

(ii)	Standard deviation	(3 marks)