

CHUKA



UNIVERSITY

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS

EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN  
APPLIED MATHEMATICS

MATH 921: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS I

STREAMS: PhD

TIME: 3 HOURS

DAY/DATE: MONDAY 12/08/2019

8.30 A.M. – 11.30 A.M.

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer ALL questions.

## QUESTION ONE

- (a) Solve the non-linear system

$$\begin{aligned} 3x_1 - \cos(x_2x_3) - \frac{1}{2} &= 0 \\ x_1^2 &= 81(x_1 + 0.1)^2 + \sin x_3 + 1.06 = 0 \\ e^{-x_1x_2} + 20x_3 + \frac{10\pi-3}{3} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

When the initial approximation

$$X^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.1 \\ -0.1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ upto } x^{(1)}$$

Using Newton's method

(8 marks)

- (b) Use Fibonacci algorithm to minimize

$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{(x-1)^2} \left\{ \log x - 2 \left( \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right) \right\}$$

If it is known that the minimizer is in the range of [1.5, 4.5]. Reduce the interval to  $\left(\frac{2}{21}\right)$  of the original up to 5 iterations.

(7 marks)

**QUESTION TWO**

- (a) Minimize

$f(x_1, x_2) = 4(x_1 - 5)^2 + 6(x_2 - 6)^2$ . Use the method of Welder and Mead. The initial simplex has the following three vertices

A(8, 9), B(10, 11), C(8, 11) up to 4 iterations (15 marks)

**QUESTION THREE**

- (a) Obtain the solution of the following by Crouts method

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + y - t &= 13 \\ 3x + 5y + 2t &= 21 \\ 2x + y + 6t &= 14 \end{aligned} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Determine the root of  $x^4 + x^3 - x + 5 = 0$  which has between 2 and 3, correct to 3 dp. By Newton-Ralpson's method. (5 marks)

- (c) Compute the real root of  $x \log x - 1.2 = 0$  by NR methods given that the real root has between 2 and 3. (5 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR**

- (a) Find the maximum of

$A = (h + b + 10)\left(\frac{2,272,000}{hb} + 2b + 5\right)$  by Newton's method given that

$$a = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, G = \begin{bmatrix} 49.92 \\ 375.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 4.998, & 2.227 \\ 2.227, & 8.998 \end{bmatrix} \quad (8 \text{ marks})$$

- (b) Find the minimum of

$f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 + (2x + y - 5)^2$  by DFP method starting at (0,0) using 3 iterations. (7 marks)